

### ACS Reference Guide

#### Citation In-text

The references should be numbered and appear in the order they appear in the text

No.	Requirement	Sample
1	Use superscript numbers appear outside the punctuation	Oscillation in the reaction of benzaldehyde with oxygen was reported previously. <sup>3</sup>
2	two authors, give both names joined by the word "and" .	Allison and Perez <sup>12</sup>
3	more than two authors, give only the first name listed, followed by "et al."	Johnson et al. <sup>12</sup>
4	multiple authors, use the principal author' s name followed by "and co-workers" or "and colleagues" .	Pauling and co-workers <sup>10,11</sup>
5	citing more than one reference, list the numbers in ascending order and separate them by commas	in the literature <sup>2,5,8</sup> were reported <sup>3-5,10</sup>

#### Reference List

In lists, references always end with a period.

1	Books & Book Chapters	<p><b>Authored work</b> Author, A. A.; Author, B. B. <i>Title: Subtitle</i>, Edition (if not the first); Series; Publisher: Place of publication, Year; Vol. (if a multivolume work), pp page number(s) (if appropriate).</p>	[1] Anastas, P. T.; Warner, J. C. <i>Green Chemistry: Theory and Practice</i> ; Oxford University Press: Oxford, 1998.
		<p><b>Edited work</b> Editor, A. A., Editor, B. B., Eds. <i>Title: Subtitle</i>, Edition (if not the first); Series; Publisher: Place of publication, Year; Vol. (if a multivolume work), pp page number(s) (if appropriate)</p>	[2] Asmus, K. D. Recent Aspects of Thiyl and Perthiyl Free Radical Chemistry. In <i>Active Oxygens, Lipid Peroxides, and Antioxidants</i> ; Yagi K., Ed.; Japan Scientific Societies: Tokyo; CRC: Boca Raton, FL, 1993; pp 57-67.
3	Journal Articles	<p>Author, A. A.; Author, B.B. <i>Journal Abbreviation</i>. <b>Publication Year(bold)</b>, <i>Volume</i>, Page-page.  Article titles are not essential Journal abbreviation and volume are italicized. Year of publication is bolded. No punctuation in journal abbreviations except periods. No conjunctions, articles, or prepositions in journal abbreviations. No comma or semicolon before or after journal titles.</p>	<p>[3] Deno, N. C.; Richey, H. G.; Liu, J. S.; Lincoln, D. N.; Turner, J. O. <i>J. Amer. Chem. Soc.</i> <b>1965</b>, <i>87</i>, 4533-4538.  [4] Borman, S. Sucrose Synthesis Sets A Record. <i>Chem. Eng. News</i> <b>1990</b>, <i>78</i>, 52.</p>
4	Websites Information	<p>Use the title found on the Web site itself; add the words "Home Page" for clarification when needed. Author (if any). Title of Site. URL (accessed Month Day, Year), other identifying information (if any).</p>	<p>[5] ACS Publications Division Home Page. <a href="http://pubs.acs.org">http://pubs.acs.org</a> (accessed Nov 7, 2004). [6] Chemical Abstracts Service. STN on the Web. <a href="http://stnweb.cas.org">http://stnweb.cas.org</a> (accessed Nov 7, 2004). [7] International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry Home Page. <a href="http://www.iupac.org/dhtml_home.html">http://www.iupac.org/dhtml_home.html</a> (accessed April 24, 2005).</p>
5	Conference Papers	<p>Full citations of published abstracts and proceedings. The format resembles that of a book citation.</p>	[8] Garrone, E.; Ugliengo, P. In <i>Structure and Reactivity of Surfaces</i> , Proceedings of the European Conference, Trieste, Italy, Sept 13-20, 1988; Zecchina, A., Cost, G., Morterra, C., Eds.; Elsevier: Amsterdam, 1988.

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